Michigan Deptartment of Treasury 496 (2-04)

Local Govern	Personal Contract of the Contr	nship	☐Village ☐Other	CITY OF F	ent Name ROOSEVELT PARK		100000	inly JSKEG	ON
Aucit Dale 11/30/05			Opinion Date 2/16/06		Date Accountant Report Submit	fled to State:			
accordance Financial S We affirm	e with th Statemen that:	ne S ts for	tatements of the Gove Counties and Local Un	mmental Accou its of Governme	government and rendered unting Standards Board (ant in Michigan by the Mich	GASB) and th igan Departme	e <i>Unifor</i> nt of Trea	n Repo	
	754657		olic accountants register		Units of Government in Mic	ingan as revise	·a.		
	affirm th	e foll	owing, "Yes" responses		closed in the financial state	ements, includir	ng the not	es, or in	the report of
ou must c	heck the	appl	licable box for each item	below.					
Yes	No.	1.	Certain component unit	ts/funds/agencie	es of the local unit are exc	uded from the	financial	stateme	nts.
Yes	₽ No	2.	There are accumulated 275 of 1980).	d deficits in one	e or more of this unit's un	reserved fund	balances	retained	l earnings (P.A
Yes	☐ No	3.	There are instances o amended).	f non-complian	ce with the Uniform Acco	ounting and Bu	dgeting /	Act (P.A	. 2 of 1968, as
Yes	V No	4.			itions of either an order rthe Emergency Municipa		he Munic	cipal Fir	ance Act or its
Yes	№ No	5.			ents which do not comply of 1982, as amended [MC		requirem	ents. (P	A. 20 of 1943
Yes	☐ No	6.	The local unit has been	delinquent in d	distributing tax revenues th	at were collecte	ed for ano	ther tax	ing unit.
Yes	₽ No	7.	pension benefits (norm	al costs) in the	titutional requirement (Arti o current year, If the plan requirement, no contribution	is more than 1	00% fund	led and	the overfunding
Yes	∠ No	8.	The local unit uses on (MCL 129.241).	edit cards and	has not adopted an app	licable policy a	s require	d by P.	A. 266 of 1995
Yes	₽ No	9.	The local unit has not a	idopted an inve	stment policy as required t	by P.A. 196 of 1	997 (MC	L 129.98	5).
We have e	enclosed	the	following:			Enclosed	To Forwa		Not Required
The letter	of comm	ents	and recommendations.	S ANDRONANA		~			
Reports of	n individu	ial fe	deral financial assistant	e programs (pr	rogram audits).	1.53			~
Single Au	dit Repor	ts (A	SLGU).						~
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City of Roosevelt Park Muskegon County, Michigan

REPORT ON FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (with required supplementary information)

Year ended November 30, 2005

City of Roosevelt Park

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As management of the City of Roosevelt Park, we present to the readers of the City's financial statements this overview and analysis of the financial activities of the City of Roosevelt Park for the fiscal year ended November 30, 2005. We encourage you to consider the information presented in these financial statements along with the additional information that has been furnished in this letter.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- At the close of the fiscal year the City of Roosevelt Park had total assets of \$6,371,359 and total liabilities of \$560,251 leaving net assets of \$5,811,108, an increase of 5.7% in the City's overall net assets.
- ➤ Of the total \$5,811,108 in net assets, the City may use \$1,637,190 (unrestricted net assets) to meet the ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.
- Total revenues, including all program and general revenues, were \$4,158,519, made up of governmental revenues of \$2,519,075 and business-type revenues of \$1,639,444. Revenues for the City's DDA were \$281,334.
- Total expenses for all of the City's programs were \$3,846,105. Of that total, the governmental expenses were \$2,480,263 and the business-type expenses were \$1,365,842. Expenses for the City's DDA were \$144,930.
- The General Fund's fund balance increased by \$16,168. This was primarily due to an increase in revenues over what was initially budgeted, for such items as building permit fees related to construction on the former J.C. Penny's site, and an increase in administrative revenue provided by other funds to assist in support of General Fund activities. Also this fiscal year saw full implementation of a property tax administration fee.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the City's basic financial statements. The City's basic financial statements are comprised of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide the reader with a broad overview of the City's finances. These statements are similar to those of a private sector business.

The Statement of Net Assets presents information on all of the City's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net assets. Over time, increases or decreases in net assets may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City is improving or deteriorating.

The Statement of Activities presents information showing how the City's net assets changed during the fiscal year. All changes in net assets are reported when the event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in the future fiscal periods.

Both of the government-wide financial statements mentioned above distinguish functions of the City that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are designed to recover all or a significant part of their costs through user fees and charges for services (business type activities). The governmental activities of the City include general government, public safety, public works and cultural and recreational activities. The business-type activities of the City include water distribution and sewer services.

The government-wide financial statements include not only the City (the primary government) but also the legally separate discretely presented component unit. The board of this organization is appointed by the City and given the interrelation of the two; there is some potential liability for the City due to the City's pledge of its full faith and credit for debt obligations. The financial information of this component unit is reported in a separate column from the financial information of the primary government itself.

Fund Financial Statements. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the City can be divided into three categories-governmental funds, proprietary funds and fiduciary funds.

Governmental Funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on current sources and uses of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. This information may be useful in evaluating a governmental entity's short-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's short-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between the two.

The City maintains several individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the General Fund, which is considered a major fund. Data from the other funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these non-major governmental funds is provided in the form of combining statements elsewhere in this report.

Proprietary Funds. The City has two enterprise funds. Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The City uses enterprise funds to account for its water distribution and sewer operations.

Enterprise funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The enterprise funds financial statements provided separate information for Water and Sewer funds both of which are major funds.

Fiduciary Funds. Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the City. Fiduciary funds are not reflected on the government-wide financial statements because the resources from those funds are not available to support the City's programs. The accounting method used for fiduciary finds is much like that used for the proprietary funds.

Notes to the Financial Statements. The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The reader is encouraged to include the reading of this section in any attempt to analyze and understand these statements.

Other Information. In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information concerning the City's budgetary information as it relates to the actual expenditures for the General Fund.

Government-wide Financial Analysis

The first table presented on the next page is a summary of the government-wide statement of net assets for the City. As stated earlier, the net assets may be used as an indicator of a government's financial health. As of November 30, 2005, the City's net assets from governmental activities totaled \$2,343,634 (40%) and \$3,467,474 (60%) from business-type activities, creating a total government-wide net assets total of \$5,811,108.

In examining the composition of these net assets, the reader should note that governmental activities net assets are invested in capital assets (i.e., streets, buildings, land, vehicles, equipment, etc.) These assets are used to provide services to the City's residents, and they are not available to pay salaries, operational expenses or fund capital projects. The unrestricted net assets for government-type activities actually depict a balance of \$580,890. This represents the amount of discretionary cash or investments that can be used for general governmental operations.

The business-type activities show a total of \$3,467,474 in net assets and \$1,102,189 (32%) in unrestricted net assets. The Sewer Fund and Water Fund unrestricted net assets are \$512,992 and \$591,923, respectively.

Net Assets

		Gove	rnn	nental		Busin	iess	s-type				
		Ac	tivi	ties		Ac	tivi	ties	 Т	Total		
	•	2005		2004		2005		2004	 2005		2004	
Current assets and other	•											
assets	\$	1,015,410	\$	1,073,361	\$	1,385,227	\$	1,005,630	\$ 2,400,637	\$	2,078,991	
Capital assets		1,498,906		1,522,835		2,471,816		2,496,636	3,970,722		4,019,471	
Total assets	•	2,514,316		2,596,196		3,857,043		3,502,266	6,371,359		6,098,462	
Current liabilities		146,589		244,585		199,220		154,293	345,809		398,878	
Noncurrent liabilities		24,093		46,789		190,349		154,101	 214,442		200,890	
Total liabilities		170,682		291,374		389,569		308,394	 560,251		599,768	
Net assets												
Invested in capital assets,												
net of related debt		1,498,906		1,522,835		2,365,285		2,394,950	3,864,191		3,917,785	
Restricted		263,838		246,301		-		-	263,838		246,301	
Unrestricted		580,890		535,686	_	1,102,189		798,922	 1,683,079		1,334,608	
Total net assets	\$	2,343,634	\$	2,304,822	\$	3,467,474	\$	3,193,872	\$ 5,811,108	\$	5,498,694	

The result of fiscal year 2005 governmental activity was a slight increase of \$38,812 to \$2,343,634 in net assets. Of the total governmental activities area, \$1,498,906 is invested in capital assets less related debt and \$263,838 is reported as restricted for street purposes. The balance of \$580,890 is reported as unrestricted, having no legal commitment.

The \$379,597 increase in current assets within the business-type activities is a result of an improved cash position within the two enterprise funds due to rate increases enacted in 2004. Total unrestricted assets increased by \$303,267, mirroring this increase in current assets.

Governmental Activities

Governmental activities increased by \$38,812 (1.7%) during the 2005 fiscal year. The following table depicts this occurrence which will be discussed in more detail later in this analysis.

Total revenues increased by \$113,877 over the 2004 levels to \$2,519,075 due to a significant increase in building, plumbing and electrical permit fees related to redevelopment of the former J.C. Penny site. Also tax revenues increased from 2004 to 2005 by \$46,807. These revenue increases were offset by a decrease in capital grants and contributions of \$195,936 because of one-time street improvement grants received in 2004. Expenses for all general government activities grew by \$286,815 over 2004 with the two largest increases being in Public Works department (\$239,835) and Public Safety (\$76,109).

Business-type activities

At the end of the fiscal year, the net assets for business-type activities increased by \$273,602 or 8.6%. Two funds comprise the business-type activities. The Sewer Fund experienced an increase in net assets for the year totaling \$87,499. The Water Fund experienced an increase in net assets for the year totaling \$188,829.

The majority of the increase in net assets was tied to rate adjustments in both the sewer and water funds that were enacted in late 2004 and early 2005. Both rate increases were needed to cover wholesale rate increases enacted by Muskegon County for sewer service and the City of Muskegon as the wholesale provider of water to Roosevelt Park. This increase in the wholesale rate is the reason for the increase in Water Fund expenses.

Change in Net Assets

		Gove	nm	ental	Busin	ness	s-type				
		Act	ivit	ies	Ac	tivi	ties		-	Γota	ıl
	-	2005		2004	2005		2004	-	2005		2004
Revenues:	-										
Program revenues											
Charges for services	\$	729,364	\$	455,647	\$ 1,617,995	\$	1,121,544	\$	2,347,359	\$	1,577,191
Operating grants		243,819		250,036	-		-		243,819		250,036
Capital grants and											
contributions		16,161		212,097	-		-		16,161		212,097
General revenues											
Property taxes		1,113,254		1,066,447	-		-		1,113,254		1,066,447
Franchise fees		36,332		36,304	-		-		36,332		36,304
Grants and contributions											
not restricted		344,903		342,175	-		-		344,903		342,175
Unrestricted investment											
earnings		23,980		20,821	21,449		13,942		45,429		34,763
Miscellaneous		10,576		14,835	-		-		10,576		14,835
Gain (loss) on sale of											
assets		686		6,836	-		-		686		6,836
Total revenues	-	2,519,075		2,405,198	1,639,444	- '	1,135,486		4,158,519		3,540,684

		Gover Act		nental ties				s-type ities	7	ıl	
		2005		2004		2005	_	2004	 2005		2004
Expenses:											
General government	\$	576,851	\$	610,060	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 576,851	\$	610,060
Public safety		997,061		920,952		-		-	997,061		920,952
Public works		840,224		600,389		-		-	840,224		600,389
Culture and recreation		66,127		62,047		-		-	66,127		62,047
Sewer Fund		-		-		619,693		531,971	619,693		531,971
Water Fund		-		-		746,149		526,520	746,149		526,520
Total expenses		2,480,263		2,193,448	_	1,365,842		1,058,491	3,846,105		3,251,939
Increase in net assets	•						_				
before transfers		38,812		211,750		273,602		76,995	312,414		288,745
Transfers		-	_	42,745	_	-		(42,745)	 -		-
Increase in net assets		38,812		254,495		273,602		34,250	312,414		288,745
Net assets - Beginning		2,304,822		2,050,327		3,193,872	_	3,159,622	 5,498,694	_	5,209,949
Net assets - Ending	\$	2,343,634	\$	2,304,822	\$	3,467,474	\$	3,193,872	\$ 5,811,108	\$	5,498,694

Financial Analysis of the Government's Funds

As stated earlier in this discussion and analysis, the City uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds. The focus of the City governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances in spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the City's financing requirements. In particular, unreserved fund balances or the lack thereof, may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

At the end of the 2005 fiscal year, the City governmental funds reported a combined unreserved fund balance of \$630,795. This number represents the unreserved fund balance \$352,420 in the General Fund and \$278,375 in other governmental funds. It is necessary to further distinguish between the unreserved and reserved fund balance. The unreserved balance represents what is available for spending at the City's discretion. The remainder of the fund balance is reserved to indicate that it is not available for new spending because it has already been committed to liquidate contracts and purchase orders (\$11,624) and is reserved for capital projects (\$9,147). When the fund balance has been adjusted to account for these reserves, the result is a final fund balance of \$651,566, which consists of a fund balance of \$364,044 in the General Fund plus the fund balance of \$287,522 in other governmental funds.

Proprietary Funds. The City's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the governmental financial statements, but in more detail. Net assets of the Sewer and Water funds increased by \$87,499 and \$188,829, respectively. The result was an overall net increase in the proprietary funds of \$276,328.

General Fund Budget

During the current fiscal year, the City made several amendments to its original budget. In total, General Fund expenditures came in under the Budget as amended. Some of the more notable adjustments to individual departments include:

- The original City Manager budget was increased by \$30,470 for a pay-out of accrued sick and vacation time, as well as additional costs incurred hiring a new City Manager.
- ➤ The original Treasurer budget was increased \$13,594 for a payout of accrued sick and vacation time.
- The original police department budget was increased \$62,606 for a payout of accrued sick and vacation and higher than anticipated overtime.
- The original inspections budget was increased \$31,297 as additional inspection services were needed for the Wal-Mart construction and re-development of the former J.C. Penny site.

The following comments summarize some of the major variations from the final budget to actual revenues and expenditures.

- Licenses and permits revenue is \$119,734 more than budgeted because of the revenue generated from the redevelopment of the former J. C. Penny site.
- > State intergovernmental revenues came in over budget projections because the City received a grant from the State of Michigan for new voting machines.
- ➤ Charges for services revenue is \$113,321 more than originally budgeted because the City increased interfund administrative charges.
- Costs for legal prosecution of ordinances and related matters were up in 2005, requiring additional attorney assistance and expense.
- Sanitation costs ended up slightly more than what was originally budgeted, while the public works department realized a slight reduction in total expenses and finished the year under budget.
- Capital outlay was over budget because the City purchased a new copy machine and received new voting machines from a grant through the State of Michigan

Capital Assets

The City investment in capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities as of November 30, 2005 totaled \$3,970,722 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings, infrastructure, improvements, machinery, equipment, plants and vehicles.

Major capital asset events during the current fiscal year included the following:

- The City received two new optical scan voting machines from the State of Michigan, valued at \$5,528 each.
- The City purchased a new copy machine for \$7,454 for City Hall.
- > Summit Avenue reconstruction was completed for a total cost of \$297,800 and the sidewalks along Summit Avenue were completed for a cost of \$47,685.
- ➤ Two 2005 Chevrolet Silverado's were purchased for \$10,885 each.
- A sewer line under the Community Center Park was replaced for \$14,295.
- The watermain under Summit Avenue was replaced while the road was being reconstructed and cost \$112,688.

CAPITAL ASSETS (Net of Accumulated Depreciation)

	Gove	nm	ental		Busin	ness	-type					
	Ac	tivit	ies		Activities				Total			
	2005		2004		2005		2004		2005		2004	
\$	295,147	\$	295,147	\$	600	\$	600	\$	295,747	\$	295,747	
	49,566		356,368		-		104,656		49,566		461,024	
	1,004		2,007		-		-		1,004		2,007	
	530,203		550,341		-		-		530,203		550,341	
	294,775		318,972		-		-		294,775		318,972	
	328,211		-		-		-		328,211		-	
	-		-		1,863,127		1,883,088		1,863,127		1,883,088	
_	-		-		608,089		508,292		608,089		508,292	
\$_	1,498,906	\$	1,522,835	\$	2,471,816	\$	2,496,636	\$	3,970,722	\$_	4,019,471	
	-	Acc 2005 \$ 295,147 49,566 1,004 530,203 294,775 328,211	Activit 2005 \$ 295,147 \$ 49,566 1,004 530,203 294,775 328,211	\$ 295,147 \$ 295,147 49,566 356,368 1,004 2,007 530,203 550,341 294,775 318,972 328,211 -	Activities 2005 2004 \$ 295,147 \$ 295,147 \$ 49,566 356,368 1,004 2,007 530,203 550,341 294,775 318,972 328,211	Activities Activit	Activities Activit 2005 2004 2005 \$ 295,147 \$ 295,147 \$ 600 \$ 49,566 1,004 2,007 - 530,203 550,341 - 294,775 318,972 - 328,211 - - - - 1,863,127 - - 608,089	Activities 2005 2004 2005 2004 \$ 295,147 \$ 295,147 \$ 600 \$ 600 49,566 356,368 - 104,656 1,004 2,007 - 530,203 550,341 - 294,775 318,972 - 328,211 - 1,863,127 1,883,088 608,089 508,292	Activities Activities 2005 2004 2005 2004 \$ 295,147 \$ 295,147 \$ 600 \$ 600 \$ 600 \$ 49,566 \$ 1,004 2,007 -	Activities Activities T 2005 2004 2005 2004 2005 \$ 295,147 \$ 295,147 \$ 600 \$ 600 \$ 295,747 49,566 356,368 - 104,656 49,566 1,004 2,007 1,004 530,203 550,341 530,203 294,775 318,972 294,775 328,211 328,211 1,863,127 1,883,088 1,863,127 - 608,089 508,292 608,089	Activities Activities Total 2005 2004 2005 2004 2005 \$ 295,147 \$ 295,147 \$ 600 \$ 600 \$ 295,747 \$ 49,566 356,368 - 104,656 49,566 49,566 1,004 2,007 1,004 530,203 550,341 530,203 294,775 318,972 294,775 328,211 328,211 - 328,211 328,211 608,089 508,292 608,089 608,089	

Additional information on the City's capital assets can be found in Note D of the "Notes to the Financial Statements" of this report.

Long-term Debt

At the end of the 2005 fiscal year, the City had total outstanding debt of \$290,442 consisting of bonds and accumulated compensated absences. The \$253,349 in the business-type activities is backed by the full-faith and credit of the City. The payment of the bonds is through the revenues generated from the Water and Sewer funds.

OUTSTANDING DEBT

		Gove	rnn	nental	Busin	ness	-type			
	_	Ac	tivit	ties	 Ac	tivit	ies	 I	Tota	al
	_	2005		2004	2005		2004	2005		2004
Accumulated compensated	_									
absences	\$	37,093	\$	61,636	\$ -	\$	-	\$ 37,093	\$	61,636
General obligation bonds	_	-		-	253,349		199,101	253,349	_	199,101
Total	\$ _	37,093	\$	61,636	\$ 253,349	\$	199,101	\$ 290,442	\$	260,737

The City's total debt increased by \$29,705 during the fiscal year. This increase was due to additional borrowings related to the County wastewater disposal system offset by normal debt payoffs as provided for in the fiscal year 2005 budget.

In addition to the City's debt, the City's DDA component unit had outstanding debt of \$1,680,000. This debt is secured by the limited full faith and credit of the City and so is an important consideration in assessing the City's overall fiscal health.

Additional information on the City's long-term debt can be found in Note G of the "Notes to the Financial Statements" of this report.

General Economic Overview

The City has set fiscal accountability and financial stability as its number one priority. This is also its greatest challenge.

The City's General Fund is comprised of two major revenue sources, state revenue sharing and property tax revenue. Those two sources comprised over 65% of the General Fund revenue sources. In fiscal 2006, state revenue sharing is expected to be about the same as the prior year and property tax revenues are expected to remain fairly steady.

The State of Michigan continues to experience difficulties in balancing their budget and state revenue sharing continues to be in a state of flux. Any additional shortfall in revenue sharing and any future cuts in revenues will affect the services that are provided to the residents of Roosevelt Park.

The City has undertaken a number of measures to balance the budget; among them are the elimination of one DPW position and cutting the crafts program from three to two days a week. The City has attempted to budget for police overtime as well as health insurance premiums for both active employees and retirees, which are expected to increase about 15%.

The City Council and staff remain optimistic that the City's quality of life will be further enhanced by several projects in various stages of development among them are improvements needed at the Community Center, reconstruction of Glenside Boulevard from the railroad tracks to Greenwich Road, water main improvements along Glenside Boulevard that will coincide with the road reconstruction and water main improvements along Henry Street.

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the City of Roosevelt Park's finances for all those with an interest. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional information should be addressed to the City of Roosevelt Park, 900 Oak Ridge Road, Roosevelt Park, MI, 49441, (231) 755-3721.

BRICKLEY DELONG CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

February 16, 2006

Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council City of Roosevelt Park City of Roosevelt Park, Michigan

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Roosevelt Park as of and for the year ended November 30, 2005, which collectively comprise the City's financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the City of Roosevelt Park's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Roosevelt Park, as of November 30, 2005, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows, where applicable, thereof for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

The management's discussion and analysis and budgetary comparison information on pages i - x and 29 are not a required part of the basic financial statement but are supplementary information required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

1

BRICKLEY DELONG

City Council February 16, 2006 Page 2

Brukley Ve Long, PLC

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City of Roosevelt Park's basic financial statements. The combining nonmajor fund financial statements are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The combining nonmajor funds financial statements have been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

City of Roosevelt Park STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS

November 30, 2005

ASSETS

	(overnmental activities	I	Business-type activities		Total	_	Component unit
CURRENT ASSETS					-		_	
Cash and investments	\$	904,942	\$	929,244	\$	1,834,186	\$	363,605
Receivables		3,748		307,190		310,938		-
Due from other governmental units		91,969		-		91,969		-
Internal balances		2,727		(2,727)		=		=
Inventories		400		3,000		3,400		-
Prepaid items	_	11,624	_	1,702	_	13,326	_	
Total current assets		1,015,410		1,238,409		2,253,819		363,605
NONCURRENT ASSETS								
Capital assets, net								
Nondepreciable		344,713		600		345,313		-
Depreciable		1,154,193		2,471,216		3,625,409		-
Access rights, net		-	_	146,818	_	146,818	_	
Total noncurrent assets	_	1,498,906	_	2,618,634	_	4,117,540	_	-
Total assets		2,514,316		3,857,043		6,371,359		363,605
LI	ABILITIES ANI	NET ASSETS						
CURRENT LIABILITIES								
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities		86,589		26,895		113,484		11,943
Due to other governmental units		-		109,325		109,325		-
Deferred revenue		47,000		-		47,000		-
Bonds and other obligations, due within one year		13,000	_	63,000	_	76,000	_	65,000
Total current liabilities		146,589		199,220		345,809		76,943
NONCURRENT LIABILITIES								
Bonds and other obligations, less amounts due within one year		24,093	_	190,349	_	214,442	_	1,615,000
Total liabilities	_	170,682	_	389,569	_	560,251	_	1,691,943
NET ASSETS								
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt		1,498,906		2,365,285		3,864,191		-
Restricted for streets and highways		263,838		-		263,838		-
Unrestricted		580,890	_	1,102,189	_	1,683,079	_	(1,328,338)
Total net assets	\$	2,343,634	\$_	3,467,474	\$_	5,811,108	\$=	(1,328,338)

City of Roosevelt Park STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

For the year ended November 30, 2005

									Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Assets								
					P	rogram Revenue					Prir	nary Governme	ent				
				Charges for	Or	erating grants	С	apital grants	(Governmental	1	Business-type			(Component	
Functions/Programs	_	Expenses		services	and	l contributions	and	contributions	_	activities	_	activities	_	Total		unit	
Primary government																	
Governmental activities																	
8	\$	576,851	\$	4,825	\$	-	\$	11,056	\$	(560,970)	\$	-	\$	(560,970)	\$	-	
Public safety		997,061		160,846		1,314		-		(834,901)		-		(834,901)		-	
Public works		840,224		553,964		234,495		5,105		(46,660)		-		(46,660)		-	
Culture and recreation	_	66,127		9,729	_	8,010	_	-	_	(48,388)	_	-	_	(48,388)	_	<u> </u>	
Total governmental activities		2,480,263		729,364		243,819		16,161		(1,490,919)		-		(1,490,919)		-	
Business-type activities																	
Sewer		619,693		698,021		-		-		-		78,328		78,328		-	
Water	_	746,149		919,974	_	<u> </u>	_		_			173,825	_	173,825		-	
Total business-type activities	_	1,365,842		1,617,995	_				_		_	252,153	_	252,153	_		
Total primary government	\$_	3,846,105	\$	2,347,359	\$_	243,819	s_	16,161		(1,490,919)		252,153		(1,238,766)		-	
Component unit																	
Downtown Development Authority	\$=	144,930	\$		\$=	-	s_	-		-		-		-		(144,930)	
General revenues																	
Property taxes										1,113,254		-		1,113,254		274,032	
Franchise fees										36,332		-		36,332		-	
Grants and contributions not restricted to specific programs										344,903		-		344,903		-	
Unrestricted investment earnings										23,980		21,449		45,429		4,314	
Miscellaneous										10,576		-		10,576		2,988	
Gain on sale of capital assets									_	686	_		_	686		-	
Total general revenues									_	1,529,731	_	21,449	_	1,551,180	_	281,334	
Change in net assets										38,812		273,602		312,414		136,404	
Net assets at December 1, 2004									_	2,304,822	_	3,193,872	_	5,498,694	_	(1,464,742)	
Net assets at November 30, 2005									\$_	2,343,634	\$_	3,467,474	\$_	5,811,108	\$	(1,328,338)	

City of Roosevelt Park **BALANCE SHEET**

Governmental Funds November 30, 2005

	_	General Fund	g	Other overnmental funds	g	Total overnmental funds
ASSETS	Ф	11.1.200	Ф	262.004	Ф	677.202
Cash and investments	\$	414,288	\$	263,094	\$	677,382
Receivables		1 071				1 271
Accounts		1,371		1.020		1,371
Special assessments		-		1,020		1,020
Due from other governmental units		60,178		31,791		91,969
Prepaid items	_	11,624	_		_	11,624
Total assets	\$	487,461	\$_	295,905	\$_	783,366
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES						
Liabilities						
Accounts payable	\$	54,930	\$	7,576	\$	62,506
Accrued liabilities		21,487		-		21,487
Deferred revenue		47,000		807		47,807
Total liabilities		123,417		8,383		131,800
Fund balances						
Reserved for:						
Prepaid items		11,624		-		11,624
Capital projects		-		9,147		9,147
Unreserved, undesignated						
General Fund		352,420		-		352,420
Special revenue funds	_			278,375		278,375
Total fund balances	_	364,044	_	287,522		651,566
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	487,461	\$_	295,905	\$_	783,366

City of Roosevelt Park RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS

November 30, 2005

Total fund balance—governmental funds	\$	651,566
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Assets are different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and		
are not reported in the governmental funds.		
Cost of capital assets \$ 1,80	08,330	
Accumulated depreciation (41	19,393)	1,388,937
Special assessment revenue is not recognized until it is receivable in the current		
period and therefore is shown as deferred revenue in the governmental funds.		806
Long-term liabilities in governmental activities are not due and payable in the		
current period and are not reported in the governmental funds.		
Compensated absences		(37,093)
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities		
to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal service funds are reported		
with governmental activities in the Statement of Net Assets.	_	339,418
Net assets of governmental activities in the Statement of Net Assets	\$_	2,343,634

City of Roosevelt Park STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

Governmental Funds

For the year ended November 30, 2005

	General Fund	Other governmental funds	Total governmental funds
REVENUES		•	
Property taxes	\$ 1,113,254	\$ -	\$ 1,113,254
Licenses and permits	188,834	-	188,834
Intergovernmental revenues - state	360,601	221,560	582,161
Charges for services	545,975	-	545,975
Fines and forfeitures	9,841	=	9,841
Investment earnings	22,311	2,188	24,499
Other	19,149	31,718	50,867
Total revenues	2,259,965	255,466	2,515,431
EXPENDITURES			
Current			
General government	552,450	-	552,450
Public safety	995,206	-	995,206
Public works	625,118	216,958	842,076
Culture and recreation	36,313	14,819	51,132
Other governmental functions	16,200	-	16,200
Capital outlay	18,510	<u> </u>	18,510
Total expenditures	2,243,797	231,777	2,475,574
Net change in fund balances	16,168	23,689	39,857
Fund balances at December 1, 2004	347,876	263,833	611,709
Fund balances at November 30, 2005	\$364,044	\$ 287,522	\$ 651,566

City of Roosevelt Park

RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

For the year ended November 30, 2005

Net change in fund balances—total governmental funds:		\$	39,857
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:			
Governmental funds report outlays for capital assets as expenditures; in the Statement of Activities, these costs are depreciated over their estimated useful lives. Depreciation expense Capital outlay	\$ (54,438) 57,194		2,756
Compensated absences are reported on the accrual method in the Statement of Activities and reported as expenditures when financial resources are used in the governmental funds.			24,543
Governmental funds recognize special assessments as revenue as they become current, however they are recognized in full when levied in the Statement of Net Assets.			(3,612)
The internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities to individual funds. The net change of the internal service funds is reported with governmental activities.		_	(24,732)
Change in net assets of governmental activities		\$_	38,812

City of Roosevelt Park STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS

Proprietary Funds November 30, 2005

ASSETS

Governmental

		Businas	s-type activities - Enter	prise funds	Activities - Internal service
	_	Sewer	Water	Total	funds
CURRENT ASSETS Cash and investments Accounts receivable Inventories Prepaid items	\$ -	434,281 131,508 - 842	\$ 494,963 175,682 3,000 860	\$ 929,244 307,190 3,000 1,702	\$ 227,560 1,357 400
Total current assets		566,631	674,505	1,241,136	229,317
NONCURRENT ASSETS Capital assets Land		_	600	600	
Utility systems		2,671,356	987,631	3,658,987	_
Buildings and improvements		-	17,536	17,536	-
Vehicles and equipment		-	-	-	567,703
Less accumulated depreciation	_	(808,229)	(397,078)	(1,205,307)	(457,732)
Net capital assets		1,863,127	608,689	2,471,816	109,971
Access rights, net	_	146,818		146,818	
Total noncurrent assets	_	2,009,945	608,689	2,618,634	109,971
Total assets		2,576,576	1,283,194	3,859,770	339,288
	LITIES AND NET ASSETS				
CURRENT LIABILITIES Accounts payable Accrued liabilities Due to other governmental units Bonds and other obligations, due within one year		2,450 3,700 47,489 63,000	20,746 - 61,836	23,196 3,700 109,325 63,000	2,597 - - -
Total current liabilities		116,639	82,582	199,221	2,597
NONCURRENT LIABILITIES Bonds and other obligations, less amounts due within one year	_	190,349		190,349	
Total liabilities	_	306,988	82,582	389,570	2,597
NET ASSETS Invested in capital assets, net of related debt		1,756,596	608,689	2,365,285	109,971
Unrestricted	_	512,992	591,923	1,104,915	226,720
Total net assets	\$=	2,269,588	\$ <u>1,200,612</u>	3,470,200	\$ 336,691
Adjustment to reflect the consolidation of internal service fund activities related to enterprise funds				(2,727)	
Net assets of business-type activities				\$3,467,473	

City of Roosevelt Park

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET ASSETS

Proprietary Funds

For the year ended November 30, 2005

	Business-type Activities - Enterprise funds							Governmental Activities - Internal service
	_	Sewer		Water		Total		funds
REVENUES	_		_		_		_	
Charges for services	\$	574,460	\$	837,963	\$	1,412,423	\$	118,454
OPERATING EXPENSES								
Administration		106,767		139,912		246,679		17,988
Operations		414,834		591,112		1,005,946		81,622
Depreciation and amortization	_	85,151	_	12,891	_	98,042	_	48,453
Total operating expenses	_	606,752	-	743,915	_	1,350,667	_	148,063
Operating income (loss)		(32,292)		94,048		61,756		(29,609)
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)								
Investment earnings		8,679		12,770		21,449		1,464
Connection fees		123,561		82,011		205,572		-
Interest expense	_	(12,449)	-		_	(12,449)	_	-
Total nonoperating revenues	_	119,791	-	94,781	_	214,572	_	1,464
Income (loss) before sale of capital assets		87,499		188,829		276,328		(28,145)
Gain on sale of capital assets	_		-		_		_	686
Change in net assets		87,499		188,829		276,328		(27,459)
Total net assets at December 1, 2004	-	2,182,089	-	1,011,783			_	364,150
Total net assets at November 30, 2005	\$ =	2,269,588	\$	1,200,612			\$_	336,691
Adjustments to reflect the consolidation of internal service fund activities related to enterprise funds					_	(2,727)		
Change in net assets of business-type activities					\$_	273,601		

City of Roosevelt Park STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

Proprietary Funds

For the year ended November 30, 2005

Governmental

		Dusina	aa turna A	Activities - Enter	mrica fil	nde		Activities - Internal service
	•	Sewer	ss-type F	prise ru	Total		funds	
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Receipts from customers Receipts from interfund services provided Payments to suppliers	\$	545,787 - (483,422)	\$	822,546 - (669,097)	\$	1,368,333 - (1,152,519)	s	- 117,097 (74,603)
Payments to employees		(33,332)		(27,550)		(60,882)		(23,288)
Payment for interfund services used	-	(1,963)	_	(8,910)	-	(10,873)	_	-
Net cash provided by operating activities		27,070		116,989		144,059		19,206
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES Interfund borrowing			_	(129,545)	_	(129,545)	_	129,545
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES Connection fees Purchases of capital assets Principal paid on capital debt Interest paid on capital debt Proceeds from sale of capital assets		123,561 (14,296) (46,050) (13,872)	_	82,011 (8,032) - - -	_	205,572 (22,328) (46,050) (13,872)	_	- (21,770) - - 686
Net cash provided by (used for) capital and related financing activities		49,343		73,979		123,322		(21,084)
CASH FLOW FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Investment earnings		8,679	_	12,770	_	21,449	_	1,464
Net increase in cash and investments		85,092		74,193		159,285		129,131
Cash and investments at December 1, 2004		349,189	_	420,770	_	769,959	_	98,429
Cash and investments at November 30, 2005	\$	434,281	\$_	494,963	\$_	929,244	\$_	227,560
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided by operating activities Operating income (loss) Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided by	\$	(32,292)	\$	94,048	\$	61,756	s	(29,609)
operating activities Depreciation and amortization expense Change in assets and liabilities		85,151		12,891		98,042		48,453
Receivables, net		(28,673)		(15,417)		(44,090)		(1,357)
Accounts and other payables		2,884	_	25,467	_	28,351	_	1,719
Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities	\$	27,070	\$=	116,989	\$ _	144,059	s_	19,206
Noncash financing activities								
Assumption of additional County debt	\$	100,298	\$	-	\$	100,298	\$	-

City of Roosevelt Park STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY ASSETS AND LIABILITIES

Fiduciary Funds November 30, 2005

		Agency fund
ASSETS		
Cash and investments	\$ _	35,806
LIABILITIES		
Due to other governmental units	\$_	35,806

City of Roosevelt Park NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

November 30, 2005

NOTE A—SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of the City of Roosevelt Park (City) have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to government units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant of the City's accounting policies are described below.

Reporting Entity

The City is a municipal corporation governed by an elected mayor and six-member City Council and is administered by a city manager appointed by the City Council. The accompanying financial statements present the government and its component units, entities for which the government is considered to be financially accountable. The discretely presented component unit is reported in a separate column in the government-wide financial statements (see note below for description) to emphasize that it is legally separate from the government. The discretely presented component unit has a November 30 fiscal year end.

Discretely presented component unit

City of Roosevelt Park Downtown Development Authority. The Authority's purpose is the collection of tax increment revenues, the issuance and repayment of debt and the construction of public facilities to promote and facilitate economic growth in the City's downtown district. Board members of the DDA are appointed by the City and the Authority is fiscally dependent on the City since the council approves the DDA budget and must approve any debt issuance. The DDA is presented as a governmental fund type.

Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net assets and the statement of changes in net assets) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government and its component unit. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support. Likewise, the primary government is reported separately from certain legally separate component units for which the primary government is financially accountable.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirement of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues. The City does not allocate indirect costs.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

November 30, 2005

NOTE A—SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES—Continued

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund and fiduciary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Property taxes, franchise taxes, licenses and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Only the portion of special assessments receivable due within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period is considered to be susceptible to accrual as revenue of the current period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the government.

The City reports the following major governmental fund:

The General Fund is the government's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The City reports the following two major proprietary funds:

The Sewer Fund operates the City's sewage pumping station, collection systems and pays for access to the county's sewage treatment plant.

The Water Fund operates the City's water distribution system.

Additionally, the City reports the following fund types:

Internal Service Funds account for equipment management services provided to other funds of the government on a cost reimbursement basis.

Private-sector standards of accounting and financial reporting issued prior to December 1, 1989, generally are followed in both the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements to the extent that those standards do not conflict with or contradict guidance of the Government Accounting Standards Board. Governments also have the option of following subsequent private-sector guidance for their business-type activities and enterprise funds, subject to this same limitation. The City has elected not to follow subsequent private-sector guidance.

November 30, 2005

NOTE A—SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES—Continued

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation—Continued

As a general rule the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are payments-in-lieu of taxes and other charges between the City's water and sewer function and various other functions of the government. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

Amounts reported as program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions and 3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues are charges to customers for sales and services. The enterprise funds also recognize as operating revenue the portion of tap fees intended to recover the cost of connecting new customers to the system. Operating expenses for proprietary funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the City's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

Assets, Liabilities and Net Assets or Equity

Deposits and Investments

The City's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

The City reports its investments in accordance with GASB Statement No. 31, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Certain Investments and for External Investment Pools*. Under this standard, certain investments are valued at fair value as determined by quoted market prices or by estimated fair values when quoted market prices are not available. The standard also provides that certain investments are valued at cost (or amortized cost) when they are of a short-term duration, the rate of return is fixed, and the City intends to hold the investment until maturity.

The City has adopted an investment policy in compliance with State of Michigan statutes. Those statutes authorize the City to invest in obligations of the United States, certificates of deposit, prime commercial paper, securities guaranteed by United States agencies or instrumentalities, United States government or federal agency obligation repurchase agreements, bankers acceptances, state-approved investment pools and certain mutual funds.

The component units' cash and investments are maintained within the City's investment pool.

November 30, 2005

NOTE A—SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES—Continued

Assets, Liabilities and Net Assets or Equity—Continued

Receivables and Payables

Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of interfund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (i.e., the non-current portion of interfund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds". Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances".

Advances between funds, as reported in the fund financial statements, are offset by a fund balance reserve account in applicable governmental funds to indicate that they are not available for appropriation and are not expendable available financial resources.

All trade and property tax receivables are shown net of allowance for uncollectibles.

The City bills and collects its own property taxes and also collects taxes for the county, school and State of Michigan. Taxes are levied on each December 1 on the taxable valuation of property (as defined by state statutes) located in the Local Governmental Unit as of the preceding December 31. Uncollectible real property taxes as of the following March 1 are turned over by the City to the County for collection. The County advances the City all these delinquent real property taxes. The delinquent personal property taxes remain the responsibility of the City. The City recognizes all available revenue from the current tax levy. Available means collected within the current period or expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period (60 days).

The 2004 state taxable value for real/personal property of the City totaled approximately \$104,730,000 of which approximately \$12,000,000 was captured by the component unit. The ad valorem taxes levied consisted of 11.6 mills for the City's operating purposes. This amount is recognized in the General Fund with captured amounts shown in the DDA component unit.

Inventories and Prepaid Items

All inventories are valued at cost using the first-in/first-out (FIFO) method. Inventories of governmental funds are recorded as expenditures when consumed rather than when purchased.

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements.

Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of two years. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized.

November 30, 2005

NOTE A—SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES—Continued

Assets, Liabilities and Net Assets or Equity—Continued

Capital Assets—Continued

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Interest incurred during the construction phase of capital assets of business-type activities is included as part of the capitalized value of the assets constructed.

In the case of the initial capitalization of general infrastructure assets (i.e., those reported by governmental activities) the City chose to include only items acquired since December 1, 2003 as allowed by generally accepted accounting principles.

Property, plant and equipment of the primary government, as well as the component units, is depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

<u>Assets</u>	<u>Years</u>
Land improvements	10-20
Buildings and improvements	10-40
Office furniture and equipment	5-30
Vehicles and equipment	5-10
Infrastructure	10-50

Compensated Absences

City employees are granted vacation and sick leave in varying amounts based on length of service and employee group. Unused vacation and sick leave days are paid to employees upon termination under limits that vary by employee group.

Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities or proprietary fund type statement of net assets. Bond premiums and discounts as well as issuance costs, are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issuance costs are reported as deferred charges and amortized over the term of the related debt.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

Fund Equity

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report reservations of fund balance for amounts that are not available for appropriation or are legally restricted by outside parties for use for a specific purpose. Designations of fund balance represent tentative management plans that are subject to change.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures.

November 30, 2005

NOTE B—STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

Budgetary Information

Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles for all governmental funds except the capital projects funds, which adopt project-length budgets. All annual appropriations lapse at fiscal year end.

The City follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary information provided in the financial statements:

- a. Prior to October 31, the City Manager submits to the City Council a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing the following December 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.
- b. Public hearings are conducted at the City Hall to obtain taxpayer comments.
- c. Not later than October 31, the budget is legally enacted through passage of a resolution.
- d. Supplemental appropriations, when required to provide for additional expenditures, are matched by additional anticipated revenues or an appropriation of available fund balance and must be approved by the City Council. All appropriations lapse at year end.

The appropriated budget is prepared by fund, function and department. The City's department heads may make transfers of appropriations within a department. Transfers of appropriations between departments require the approval of the City Council. The legal level of budgetary control is the department level. The City Council made several supplemental budgetary appropriations throughout the year.

Excess of Expenditures Over Appropriations

During the year ended November 30, 2005, actual expenditures exceeded appropriations for attorney fees by \$4,931 and capital outlay by \$18,510 in the General Fund. These overexpenditures were funded with available fund balance.

NOTE C-DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

As of November 30, 2005, the City had the following investments:

			Weighted		
			average		
			maturity		
		Fair value	(Months)	Moody's	Percent
Investment Type					
Money market mutual fund	\$	185,479	1	AAA	9.9 %
U.S. Agency obligations		1,147,902	28	AAA	61.4
Negotiable certificates of deposit		480,331	9	not rated	25.7
Mortgage backed securities		55,408	21	AAA	3.0
Total fair value	\$	1,869,120			100.0 %
Portfolio weighted average maturity	•		20		

Interest rate risk. The City's investment policy limits investment maturities to 60 months or less as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

Credit risk. State law limits investments in commercial paper and corporate bonds to the two highest classifications issued by nationally recognized statistical rating organizations (NRSROs). The City has no investment policy that would further limit its investment choices.

Concentration of credit risk. Concentration of credit risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of the City investment in a single issuer, by diversifying the investment portfolio so that the impact of potential losses from any one type of security or issuer will be minimized. The City's investment policy limits various types of investments to certain percentages of the City's total investment portfolio as a means of managing its risk. More than 5 percent of the City's investments are in negotiable certificates of deposit issued by the Bank of Holland, Republic Bank, Mercantile Bank and Sturgis Federal Savings and U.S. Government Obligations issued by the Federal National Mortgage Association, Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation and Federal Home Loan Bank. These investments are 6.68 percent, 5.35 percent, 5.17 percent, 5.28 percent, 15.52 percent, 7.87 percent and 39.32 percent, respectively, of the City's investments.

Custodial credit risk - deposits. In the case of deposits, this is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the City's deposits may not be returned to it. As of November 30, 2005, \$2,053,255 of the City's bank balance of \$2,256,662 was exposed to custodial credit risk because it was uninsured and uncollateralized.

Custodial credit risk - investments. The City does not have a custodial credit risk policy for investments. This is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the City will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party.

Foreign currency risk. The City is not authorized to invest in investments which have this type of risk.

NOTE D—CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended November 30, 2005 was as follows:

		Balance					Balance
		December 1,				No	ovember 30,
		2004		Additions	Deductions		2005
Governmental activities:	•		-			•	
Capital assets, not being depreciated:							
Land	\$	295,147	\$	-	\$ -	\$	295,147
Construction in progress		356,368	_	38,683	 345,485		49,566
Total capital assets, not being depreciated		651,515		38,683	345,485		344,713
Capital assets, being depreciated:							
Land improvements		57,023		-	-		57,023
Buildings and improvements		805,520		-	-		805,520
Vehicles and equipment		796,314		40,278	13,302		823,290
Infrastructure		-	_	345,485	 -		345,485
Total capital assets, being depreciated		1,658,857		385,763	13,302		2,031,318
Less accumulated depreciation:							
Land improvements		55,016		1,003	-		56,019
Buildings and improvements		255,179		20,138	-		275,317
Vehicles and equipment		477,342		64,475	13,302		528,515
Infrastructure		-	_	17,274	 -		17,274
Total accumulated depreciation		787,537	_	102,890	 13,302		877,125
Total capital assets, being							
depreciated, net		871,320	_	282,873	 -		1,154,193
Capital assets, net	\$	1,522,835	\$	321,556	\$ 345,485	\$	1,498,906
Business-type activities:							
Capital assets, not being depreciated:							
Land	\$	600	\$	-	\$ -	\$	600
Construction in progress		104,656	-	8,033	 112,689		
Total capital assets, not being depreciated		105,256		8,033	112,689		600

November 30, 2005

NOTE D—CAPITAL ASSETS—Continued

		Balance December 1, 2004	,	Additions		Deductions	1	Balance November 30, 2005
Business-type activities:—Continued								
Capital assets, being depreciated:								
Sewer system	\$	2,657,061	\$	14,295	\$	-	\$	2,671,356
Water system	-	892,479		112,688		-		1,005,167
Total capital assets, being depreciated		3,549,540		126,983		-		3,676,523
Less accumulated depreciation:								
Sewer system		773,973		34,256		-		808,229
Water system		384,187		12,891		-		397,078
Total accumulated depreciation	-	1,158,160		47,147	_	-	_	1,205,307
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net		2,391,380		79,836		-		2,471,216
Capital assets, net	\$	2,496,636	\$ =	87,869	\$	112,689	\$ =	2,471,816
Depreciation Depreciation expense was charged to funct Governmental activities:	ions a	s follows:						
General government							\$	13,846
Public safety							Ψ	8,403
Public works								21,937
Culture and recreation								10,251
Internal Service Fund depreciation is ch	arged	to the						
various programs based on their usage	of th	e assets						48,453
							\$	102,890
Business-type activities:							=	
Sewer							\$	34,256
Water							_	12,891
							\$_	47,147

NOTE E—ACCESS RIGHTS

Access rights activity for the year ended November 30, 2005 was as follows:

		Balance						Balance				
	December 1,											
		2004		Additions		Deductions		2005				
Business-type activities												
Access rights	\$	504,812	\$	100,298	\$	334,675	\$	270,435				
Less accumulated amortization	_	407,396		50,896		334,675		123,617				
Access rights, net	\$_	97,416	\$	49,402	\$		\$	146,818				

Amortization

Amortization expense has been charged to sewer.

NOTE F—DEFERRED REVENUE

Governmental funds report deferred revenue in connection with receivables for revenues that are not considered to be available to liquidate liabilities of the current period. Governmental funds also defer revenue recognition in connection with resources that have been received, but not yet earned. At the end of the current fiscal year, the various components of deferred revenue reported in the governmental funds were as follows:

	City					
	Una	Unearned				
Special assessments Fees	\$	807 5	47,000			
Total deferred revenue for governmental funds	\$	807	47,000			

November 30, 2005

NOTE G—LONG-TERM DEBT

Summary of Changes in Long-Term Liabilities
The following is a summary of long-term liabilities activity for the City for the year ended November 30, 2005.

]	Balance December 1, 2004		Additions		Reductions		Balance November 30 2005	,	Due within one year
Governmental activities: Compensated absences	\$_	61,636	\$	74,457	\$	99,000	\$	37,093	\$	13,000
Business-type activities: General obligation bonds	\$_	199,101	\$	100,298	\$	46,050	\$	253,349	\$	63,000
Component units: General obligation bonds	\$_	1,730,000	\$	-	\$	50,000	\$	1,680,000	\$	65,000
Business-type activities: General obligation bonds: \$170,136 Muskegon County Wastewater Management System; payable in annual installments of \$61,533 to \$62,731 through July 2008; interest at 5% \$1,167,250 Muskegon County Wastewater									186,406	
Management contractinterest at 1.625%	et pa	ayable begin	niı	ng in 2008;					-	66,943
Component units: General obligation bonds \$1,825,000 General Ob Bonds of 2002; paya installments of \$65,0 through October 201 rates varying from 2.	liga ble)00 8; i	in annual to \$225,000 nterest at	lΤ	ax					\$:	253,349 1,680,000

City of Roosevelt Park NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS—CONTINUED

November 30, 2005

NOTE G—LONG-TERM DEBT—Continued

For governmental activities, claims and judgments and compensated absences are generally liquidated by the General Fund

The Limited Obligation Bonds are backed by the full faith and credit of the City.

The County of Muskegon wastewater contracts payable represent agreements with Muskegon County relating to the construction of sewage treatment facilities. To construct these facilities, the County issued bonds which local municipalities are obligated to repay. The City has recorded the liability for its portion of the County bonds which are to be repaid by the access rights fee. Access rights are also recorded and are amortized over 20 years. The contractual obligation is secured by the full faith and credit of the City. Current debt service requirements are funded by sewer revenues.

Effective January 1, 2005, the wastewater service agreement between the County of Muskegon and thirteen local units, including the City of Roosevelt Park, was amended to provide financial relief to the County's largest industrial user. Under terms of the amendment, the allocation of debt service charged to each local unit user will increase. The Sewer Fund's total debt obligation and annual payments on that obligation will increase by about 21 percent. The financial impact on the City in 2005 was \$2,663. This bond will be fully retired in 2008. Additional County wastewater debt is paid by local unit users through user charges based on metered sewage flows. Payments on these issues will increase for all local units, including the City, by about 43 percent. The financial impact on the City in 2005 was about \$14,000.

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for debt outstanding as of November 30, 2005 follows:

Year ending	_	Business-t	уре а	ctivities	Component units				
November 30,	_	Principal	_	Interest	_	Principal	_	Interest	
2006	\$	62,731	\$	9,322	\$	65,000	\$	70,500	
2007		62,142		6,184		75,000		68,582	
2008		128,476		3,079		75,000		66,183	
2009		-		-		75,000		63,557	
2010		-		-		95,000		60,783	
2011-2015		-		-		685,000		235,935	
2016-2018	_					610,000		58,450	
				_					
	\$=	253,349	\$_	18,585	\$_	1,680,000	\$_	623,990	

City of Roosevelt Park NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS—CONTINUED

November 30, 2005

NOTE H—OTHER INFORMATION

Risk Management

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees and natural disasters. The City manages its liability and property risk by participating in Michigan Municipal Liability and Property Pool (MMLPP), a public entity risk pool providing property and liability coverage to its participating members. The City pays an annual premium to MMLPP for its insurance coverage. The MMLPP is self-sustaining through member premiums and provides, subject to certain deductibles, occurrence-based casualty coverage for each incident and occurrence-based property coverage to its members by internally assuring certain risks and reinsuring risks through commercial companies. Various deductibles are maintained to place the responsibility for small charges with the insured. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

The City manages its workers' compensation risk by participating in the Michigan Municipal Workers' Compensation Fund (MMWCF), a public entity risk pool providing workers' compensation coverage to its participating members. The City pays an annual premium to MMWCF for its workers' compensation coverage. The MMWCF is self-sustaining through member premiums and provides statutory workers' compensation coverage to its members by internally assuring certain risks and reinsuring risks through commercial companies. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

The City carries commercial insurance for employee health and accident insurance. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

Contingent Liabilities

Amounts received or receivable from grant agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by grantor agencies, principally the federal government. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability to the applicable funds. The amount, if any, of expenditures that may be disallowed by the grantor cannot be determined at this time, although the City expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

The City is a defendant in various lawsuits. Although the outcome of these lawsuits is not presently determinable, in the opinion of the City's counsel the resolution of these matters will not have a material adverse effect on the financial condition of the City.

The City is currently in negotiation with the police union regarding wages and benefits retroactive to November 30, 2004. The City has accrued in the General Fund a reasonable estimate of costs.

Post-Retirement Health Care

The City has agreed to provide post-retirement health care to certain employees after they retire.

As of year end, there were six retired employees receiving benefits. The City finances the Plan on a payas-you-go basis. For the year ended November 30, 2005, the City's post-retirement health care cost under the Plan was approximately \$47,000.

City of Roosevelt Park NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS—CONTINUED

November 30, 2005

NOTE I—EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEMS AND PENSION PLANS

Pension Plan

Plan Description. The City of Roosevelt Park is in an agent multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan with the Municipal Employees Retirement System (MERS). The Plan provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to Plan members and beneficiaries. Act No. 427 of the Public Acts of 1984 of the State of Michigan assigns the authority to establish and amend the benefit provisions of the plans that participate in MERS to the respective employer entities; that authority rests with the City of Roosevelt Park. A copy of the complete financial report and required supplemental information can be obtained by writing to:

City of Roosevelt Park 900 Oak Ridge Road Roosevelt Park, MI 49441

Funding Policy. Plan members are not required to contribute to the plan. The City is required to contribute at an actuarially-determined rate of 0 to 17.85 percent of covered wages.

Annual Pension Cost. For the year ended City of Roosevelt Park, the City's annual pension cost was approximately \$101,000 which the City contributed. The required contribution was determined as part of the December 31, 2003 actuarial valuation using the entry age actuarial cost method. The actuarial assumptions included (a) 8 percent investment rate of return (net of administrative expenses), (b) projected salary increases ranging from 0 percent to 4.5 percent, and (c) 4.5 percent per year compounded annually attributable to inflation. The actuarial value of plan assets was determined using techniques that smooth the effects of short-term volatility in the market value of investments over a five-year period.

Three-Year Trend Information

		pproximate nual Pension	Percentage of APC	Net Pension
Year ending	C	Cost (APC)	Contributed	Obligation
11/30/03	\$	94,000	100 %	\$ _
11/30/04		99,000	100	-
11/30/05		101,000	100	-

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION Schedule of Funding Progress

(Dollar amounts in thousands)

Actuarial		Actuarial		Actuarial Accrued		Unfunded						UAAL as a	
valuation		value of		Liability (AAL)		AAL		Fund	led		Covered	percentage of	
date		assets		Entry Age		(UAAL)		rati	0		payroll	covered payroll	
12/31/02	\$	2,269	\$	2,647	\$	378		86	%	\$	689	55	%
12/31/03		2,432		2,749		317		88			686	46	
12/31/04		2,583		3,096		513		83			714	72	
	valuation date 12/31/02 12/31/03	valuation date 12/31/02 \$ 12/31/03	valuation date value of assets 12/31/02 \$ 2,269 12/31/03 2,432	valuation date value of assets 12/31/02 \$ 2,269 12/31/03 2,432	valuation date value of assets Liability (AAL) Entry Age 12/31/02 \$ 2,269 \$ 2,647 12/31/03 2,432 2,749	valuation date value of assets Liability (AAL) 12/31/02 \$ 2,269 \$ 2,647 \$ 12/31/03 \$ 2,432	valuation date value of assets Liability (AAL) Entry Age AAL (UAAL) 12/31/02 \$ 2,269 \$ 2,647 \$ 378 12/31/03 2,432 2,749 317	valuation date value of assets Liability (AAL) Entry Age AAL (UAAL) 12/31/02 \$ 2,269 \$ 2,647 \$ 378 12/31/03 2,432 2,749 317	valuation date value of assets Liability (AAL) AAL (UAAL) Fund (UAAL) 12/31/02 \$ 2,269 \$ 2,647 \$ 378 86 12/31/03 2,432 2,749 317 88	valuation date value of assets Liability (AAL) AAL (UAAL) Funded ratio 12/31/02 \$ 2,269 \$ 2,647 \$ 378 86 % 12/31/03 2,432 2,749 317 88	valuation date value of assets Liability (AAL) Entry Age AAL (UAAL) Funded ratio 12/31/02 \$ 2,269 \$ 2,647 \$ 378 86 % \$ 12/31/03 \$ 88	valuation date value of assets Liability (AAL) Entry Age AAL (UAAL) (UAAL) Funded ratio Covered payroll 12/31/02 \$ 2,269 \$ 2,647 \$ 378 86 % \$ 689 12/31/03 2,432 2,749 317 88 686	valuation date value of assets Liability (AAL) Entry Age AAL (UAAL) (UAAL) Funded ratio Covered payroll payroll percentage of covered payroll 12/31/02 \$ 2,269 \$ 2,647 \$ 378 86 % \$ 689 55 12/31/03 2,432 2,749 317 88 686 46

City of Roosevelt Park NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS—CONTINUED

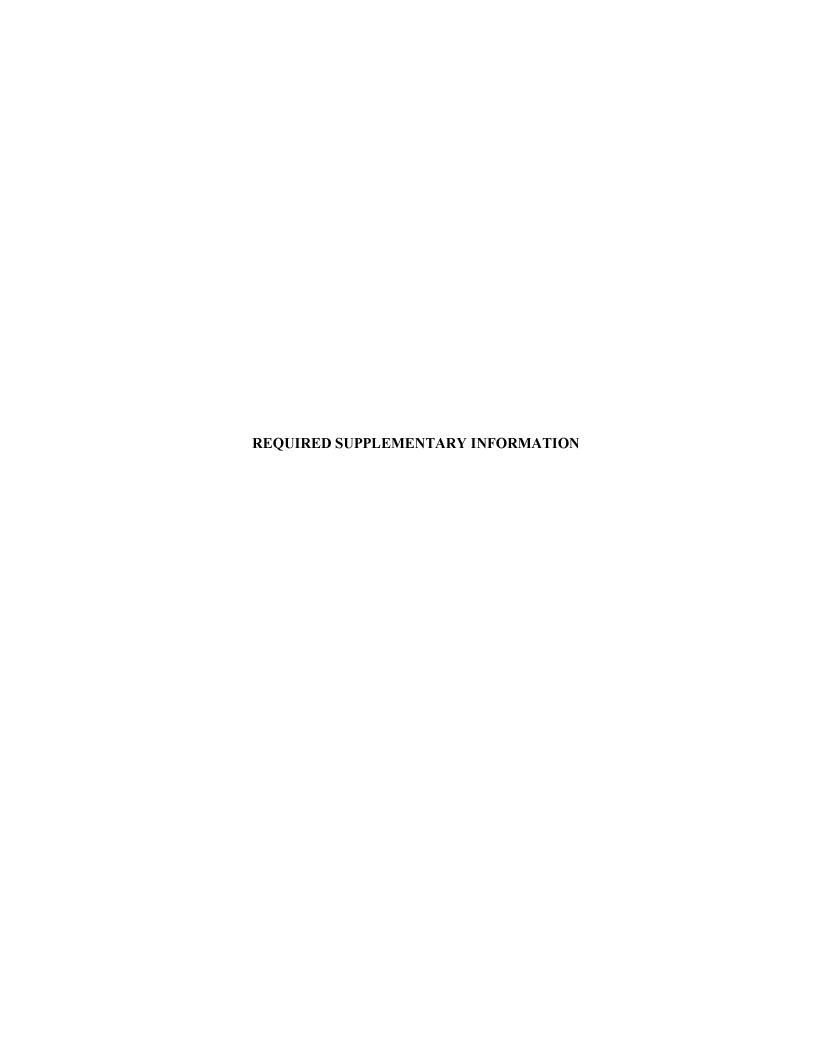
November 30, 2005

NOTE I—EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEMS AND PENSION PLANS—Continued

Deferred Compensation Plan

The City offers its employees a deferred compensation plan created in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 457. The Plan, available to all full-time City employees at their option, permits participants to defer a portion of their salary until future years. The deferred compensation is not available to participants until termination, retirement, death, or unforeseeable emergency.

The Plan has created a trust for the exclusive benefit of the Plan's participants and beneficiaries under rules provided in Internal Revenue Code Section 401(f).



City of Roosevelt Park

Required Supplementary Information BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE

General Fund

For the year ended November 30, 2005

				Variance with final budget-
	Budgete	ed amounts		positive
	Original	Final	Actual	(negative)
REVENUES				
Property taxes	\$ 1,125,740	\$ 1,125,740	\$ 1,113,254	\$ (12,486)
Licenses and permits	69,100	69,100	188,834	119,734
Intergovernmental revenues - state	344,551	344,551	360,601	16,050
Charges for services	432,654	432,654	545,975	113,321
Fines and forfeitures	8,400	8,400	9,841	1,441
Investment earnings	23,000	23,000	22,311	(689)
Other	17,500_	17,500_	19,149_	1,649
Total revenues	2,020,945	2,020,945	2,259,965	239,020
EXPENDITURES				
Current				
General government				
City Council	22,969	23,339	13,042	10,297
City manager	99,351	129,821	106,539	23,282
Clerk	74,817	77,526	76,465	1,061
Treasurer	69,645	83,239	77,211	6,028
Assessor	28,341	28,341	27,019	1,322
Attorney	21,000	30,400	35,331	(4,931)
Office operations	98,014	109,532	93,659	15,873
Personnel	56,879	57,512	48,539	8,973
City hall, garage and grounds	82,806	87,832	74,645	13,187
Public safety				
Police department	625,828	688,434	670,510	17,924
Fire department	267,676	267,676	265,857	1,819
Inspections	25,811	57,108	58,839	(1,731)
Public works				
Public service	480,444	481,408	450,933	30,475
Sidewalks	4,000	4,000	413	3,587
Sanitation	171,685	171,685	173,772	(2,087)
Community and economic development				
Planning	200	200	-	200
Culture and recreation				
Parks	38,839	39,886	36,313	3,573
Other governmental functions	16,865	18,425	16,200	2,225
Capital outlay	-		18,510	(18,510)
Total expenditures	2,185,170	2,356,364	2,243,797	112,567
Net change in fund balance	\$ (164,225)	\$(335,419)	16,168	\$351,587_
Fund balance at December 1, 2004			347,876	
Fund balance at November 30, 2005			\$364,044	



City of Roosevelt Park COMBINING BALANCE SHEET

Other Governmental Funds November 30, 2005

					Spe	ecial Revenue			Capital Projects	
	Total other governmental funds			Major Streets	Local Streets		Roosevelt Park Day		 Special Assessment	
ASSETS Cash and investments Special assessments receivable Due from other governmental units	\$	263,094 1,020 31,791	\$	196,299 - 23,004	\$	43,289 - 8,787	\$	14,572 - -	\$ 8,934 1,020	
Total assets	\$	295,905	\$	219,303	\$	52,076	\$	14,572	\$ 9,954	
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities Accounts payable Deferred revenue	\$	7,576 807	\$	4,741 -	\$	2,800	\$	35	\$ - 807_	
Total liabilities		8,383		4,741		2,800		35	807	
Fund balances Reserved for capital projects Unreserved Special revenue	_	9,147 278,375	_	- 214,562	_	- 49,276	_	14,537	 9,147	
Total fund balances	_	287,522		214,562		49,276	_	14,537	9,147	
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	295,905	\$	219,303	\$	52,076	\$	14,572	\$ 9,954	

City of Roosevelt Park COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

Other Governmental Funds

For the year ended November 30, 2005

		Special Revenue								
		Fotal other overnmental funds	Major Streets		Local Streets			Roosevelt Park Day		Special Assessment
REVENUES										
Intergovernmental revenues - state Investment earnings Other	\$	221,560 2,188 31,718	\$	160,319 1,054 10,951	\$	61,241 930 -	\$	- - 17,739	\$	204 3,028
Total revenues		255,466		172,324		62,171		17,739		3,232
EXPENDITURES										
Current		217.050		146 279		70.500				
Public works Culture and recreation		216,958 14,819		146,378		70,580		14,819	_	<u>-</u>
Total expenditures		231,777		146,378		70,580	_	14,819	_	
Net change in fund balances		23,689		25,946		(8,409)		2,920		3,232
Fund balances at December 1, 2004	_	263,833		188,616		57,685		11,617	_	5,915
Fund balances at November 30, 2005	\$	287,522	\$	214,562	\$	49,276	\$	14,537	\$_	9,147

BRICKLEY DELONG CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

February 16, 2006

City Council City of Roosevelt Park Roosevelt Park, Michigan

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements of the City of Roosevelt Park for the year ended November 30, 2005, we considered its internal control in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements and not to provide assurance on the internal control. However, we noted certain matters involving internal control and its operation that we consider to be reportable conditions under standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. Reportable conditions involve matters coming to our attention relating to significant deficiencies in the design or operation of the internal control that, in our judgment, could adversely affect the City of Roosevelt Park's ability to initiate, record, process and report financial data consistent with the assertions of management in the financial statements. We have attached a summary of such reportable conditions.

A material weakness is a reportable condition in which the design or operation of one or more of the internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that errors or fraud in amounts that would be material in relation to the financial statements being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions.

Our consideration of internal control would not necessarily disclose all matters in internal control that might be reportable conditions and, accordingly, would not necessarily disclose all reportable conditions that are also considered to be material weaknesses as defined above. However, we do not believe the reportable conditions described above are material weaknesses.

This report is intended solely for the information of the City Council, management, and federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Brukley Ve Long, PLC

REPORTABLE CONDITIONS

General

Recommendation 1: All journal entries should have documented approval by an appropriate City official.

During our testing, we noted that documented proper approval of journal entries did not exist for all journal entries.

The maintenance of files with documented approval of all journal entries would reduce the possibility of an inaccurate journal entry being made.

Recommendation 2: Bank statements should be received directly and reviewed by the City

Manager prior to the bank reconciliation procedure being performed by the Treasurer.

During our testing, we noted that the bank statements are provided to the Treasurer without prior review by a responsible individual. In addition to reconciling the checking account, the Treasurer also prepares disbursement checks and maintains the accounting records for all cash receipts and disbursements.

The review of bank statements by the City Manager prior to the bank reconciliation procedure would increase management's ability to isolate any significant errors or irregularities within the cash function by investigating any unusual items contained in the bank statements.

Bank Deposits

Recommendation 3: The City should review and improve its internal controls surrounding the cash receipts and deposit functions.

During our testing, we noted that the same individual prepares, accepts and deposits payments with little management oversight. The maintenance of these responsibilities by one individual provides the opportunity for the misappropriation of funds or errors to go undetected.

The review and approval of work performed by the employee and the segregation of some duties such as cash receipts and bank deposits would enhance existing internal controls.

Investment Policy

Recommendation 4: The City should follow its investment policy or amend the policy.

During our audit, we noted that the City is out of compliance with its investment policy. The policy states that no more than twenty-five percent of the City's portfolio may be invested in United States government instruments maturing between twelve and sixty months from the date of purchase. Approximately forty-eight percent of the City's investments fall within this range.

Maintaining and following an investment policy is an important tool for managing the City's investment risks. We recommend that the City follow its existing investment policy or amend its existing policy.

REPORTABLE CONDITIONS—CONTINUED

Tax Collector Fund

Recommendation 5: The City should review and improve its internal controls surrounding the

tax disbursement and reconciliation function.

During our testing, we noted that the same individual disburses taxes and performs the bank reconciliation for the tax account. The maintenance of these responsibilities by one individual provides the opportunity for the misappropriation of funds or errors to go undetected.

The review and approval of work performed by the employee and the segregation of some duties would improve existing internal controls.

Recommendation 6: The Tax Collector Fund should distribute all monies owed other governmental units on a timely basis.

During our audit, we noted that the Tax Collector Fund did not distribute all taxes collected on a timely basis. The General Property Tax Act of the State of Michigan requires that the City distribute property tax collections to other governmental units for which it collects within 10 business days of the first and fifteenth day of each month.

The timely distribution of funds collected by the Tax Collector Fund would ensure compliance with the General Property Tax Act of the State of Michigan.